

Let $\vec{a} = \langle 3, 5 \rangle$ and $\vec{b} = \langle 7, 2 \rangle$.

1. Find the projection of \vec{a} onto \vec{b}
2. Write \vec{a} as a sum of its projection onto \vec{b} and a vector perpendicular to \vec{b} .

Let $\vec{\mathbf{a}} = \langle 1, 2, 3 \rangle$ and $\vec{\mathbf{b}} = \langle 4, 5, 6 \rangle$.

1. Find $\vec{\mathbf{a}} \times \vec{\mathbf{b}}$.
2. Check that $\vec{\mathbf{a}} \times \vec{\mathbf{b}}$ is in fact orthogonal to both $\vec{\mathbf{a}}$ and $\vec{\mathbf{b}}$.
3. Find $\vec{\mathbf{b}} \times \vec{\mathbf{a}}$. Is the cross product a commutative operation?