1. For each integral, explain why  $\int_{a}^{b} f(x) dx$  is improper, and determine whether the integral converges or diverges.

(a) 
$$\int_{1}^{\infty} 1 + \frac{1}{x^{4}} dx$$
  
(b) 
$$\int_{1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{x} dx$$
  
(c) 
$$\int_{1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{x^{p}} dx \text{ where } p > 1$$

- 2. Think about the above results and the big picture of what's going on. It may be helpful to look at the graphs of each of the integrands.
  - (a) Is it *necessary* that f(x) converge to 0 as  $x \to \infty$  in order for  $\int_{a}^{\infty} f(x) dx$  to converge to a finite number?

*Notice again* the distinction between the function, or integrand, converging and the integral converging.

(b) If f(x) does converge to 0 as  $x \to \infty$ , must  $\int_{a}^{b} f(x) dx$  automatically converge to a finite number? That is, is  $f(x) \to 0$  a sufficient condition for  $\int_{a}^{\infty} f(x) dx$  to converge to a finite number?

March 21, 2006

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